RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

WILF & HENDERSON, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Judge Robert Bridges and The Commissioners Court of Red River County Red River County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Red River County, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Red River County, Texas, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Red River County, Texas, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Red River County, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*

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will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Red River County, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Red River County, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-10, budgetary comparison information on pages 41-44, TMRS schedules of changes in net pension (asset) liability and related ratios on page 45, TMRS schedules of pension contributions and related notes on page 46, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Red River County, Texas's basic financial statements. The accompanying combing and individual nonmajor fund and fiduciary fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of American. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund and fiduciary fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 21, 2024, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilf & Henderson, P.C.

Wilf & Henderson, P.C. Certified Public Accountants Texarkana, Texas June 21, 2024

As management of Red River County, Texas, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities and performance for the year ended September 30, 2023. The information presented here should be read in conjunction with the independent auditor's report and the County's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The County's total combined net position was \$20.2 million at September 30, 2023, of which, \$7.5 million is invested in capital assets, net of related debt. During the year, the County's expenses were \$2.3 million less than the \$11 million generated in taxes, charges for services, and other revenues from activities. This includes depreciation expense of \$712,282. The adjustment to the net position liability as required by GASB 68 resulted in an increase to income of the \$221,962.

The total cost of all the County's activities was \$8.7 million, an increase of \$1.8 million or 21%.

The general fund balance is \$8.3 million at September 30, 2023, which is an increase of approximately \$1.5 million as compared to an increase of approximately \$829 thousand the prior year. General fund revenue increased approximately \$902 thousand compared to the prior year with an increase of approximately \$451 thousand in tax revenue. Intergovernmental revenue decreased by approximately \$94 thousand. Current expenditures were up approximately \$101 thousand or 2%. Salaries increased approximately \$100 thousand of 5%. The main road and bridge fund balance decreased by approximately \$174 thousand to a balance of approximately \$1 million.

During the year, \$853,865 of fixed assets were added, and \$190,108 of principal was paid on debt.

Approximately 95% of the taxes levied for 2022-2023 were collected by September 30, 2023.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental fund statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as a commissary operation.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong. This fund contains trust funds.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Authority as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the County's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the County's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the County, consideration should be given to additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the County's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the County include the governmental activities. The Authority's basic expenditures are included here, such as administration and finance, road and public works, corrections, law enforcement, judicial, and community services. Property taxes and charges for services finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds, not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The County has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the Authority's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on 1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and 2) the balance remaining at year-end that is available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Authority's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the following page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds The County is the trustee, of *fiduciary*, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that-because of a trust arrangement- can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded for the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

• *Proprietary Funds* – These funds distinguish operating revenues and expense from non-operating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connections with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are non-operating. Operating expense can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are non-operating.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The County's combined net position was approximately \$20.2 million at September 30, 2023.

NET POSITION (in thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities			Bus	Business-Type Activities				Total					
		2023		2023 20		2022	2022 2023		2022		2023			2022
Assets														
Current and other assets	\$	14,479	\$	14,766	\$	460	\$	434	\$	14,939	\$	15,200		
Capital and non-current assets		7,218		8,655		681		714		7,899		9,369		
Total Assets		21,697		23,421		1,141		1,148		22,838		24,569		
Deferred Outflows of Resources														
Deferred outflows - pension plan		402		170		-				402		170		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	402	_\$	170	\$	-	\$		\$	402	\$	170		
Liabilities									-					
Long-term liabilites	\$	318	\$	303	\$	-	\$	-	\$	318	\$	303		
Other liabilities		2,707		2,099		-		-		2,707		2,099		
Total Liabilities	-	3,025		2,402		-		-	_	3,025		2,402		
Deferred Inflows of Resources														
Unavailable revenues - taxes, fines, and fees		-		3,055		-		-		-		3,055		
Deferred inflows - pension plan		7		1,650		-		-		7		1,650		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		7		4,705		-		-		7		4,705		
Net Position														
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		6,828		6,867		681		714		7,509		7,581		
Restricted		3,024		2,395		-		-		3,024		2,395		
Unrestricted		9,215		7,222		460		434		9,675		7,656		
Total Net Position	\$	19,067	_\$	16,484	\$	1,141	\$	1,148	\$	20,208	\$	17,632		

Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt reflects the book value of the County's capital assets in excess of debt, which financed those assets. The \$9.7 million of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the County for the next fiscal year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE - CONTINUED

Net Position - Continued

The restricted net position of \$3 million is restricted as follows:

Restricted for debt service	\$ -
Restricted for special revenue funds	 3,024
	\$ 3,024

Net position of the County increased by \$2.3 million. The County recorded depreciation of \$712,282, added fixed assets of \$853,865, and paid \$187,512 on principal of debt. The County's revenues exceeded expenditures by \$1.7 million in the governmental funds. Expenses exceeded revenues by \$7 thousand in the proprietary fund. The net pension liability increased \$1.7 million.

Changes in Net Position

Of the County's total revenue of \$11 million, 55% of this came from property taxes, 17% came from operating grants and contributions, 9% came from sales and other taxes, and 7% came from charges for services.

The total cost of all programs was approximately \$8.7 million. Approximately 26% of this was for public safety, 26% for road and public works, and 11% for community development.

Net position increased by \$2.3 million because of the excess of revenues over expenses. Depreciation expense was \$712,282 for the year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE - CONTINUED

Changes in Net Position – Continued

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (in thousands of dollars)

	Governmer	tal Activites	Business-Ty	vpe Activities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenues	<u></u>						
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 786	\$ 498	\$1	\$ 376	\$ 787	\$ 874	
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,813	931	-	-	1,813	931	
Capital Grants	227	-	-	-			
General Reveues					-	-	
Property Taxes	6,053	5,149	-	-	6,053	5,149	
Other Taxes	939	930	-	-	939	930	
Investment Earnings	306	49	7	1	313	50	
Other	819	357	26	46	845	403	
Total Revenues	10,943	7,914	34	423	10,977	8,337	
Expenses							
General Government	498	490	-	-	498	490	
Judicial	551	567	-	-	551	567	
Legal	59	149	-	-	59	149	
Financial	429	417	-	-	429	417	
Public Facility	134	116	-	-	134	116	
Public Safety	2,287	2,071	41	131	2,328	2,202	
Health and Welfare	613	465	-	-	613	465	
Roads and Streets	2,164	1,673	-	-	2,164	1,673	
Cultural and Recreational	136	111	-	-	136	111	
Conservation	-	229	-	-	-	229	
Community Development	953	-	-	-	953	-	
Intergovernmental	232	2	-	-	232	2	
Miscellaneous	548	446	-	-	548	446	
Debt Service	11	14	-	-	. 11	14	
Total Expenses	8,615	6,750	41	131	8,656	6,881	
Other Sources (Uses)							
Transfers	-	94		(94)	<u> </u>	-	
Change in Net Position	2,328	1,258	(7)	198	2,321	1,456	
Net Position, Beginning	16,825	15,281	1,148	950	17,973	16,231	
Prior Period Adjustment	(86)	(55)		-	(86)	(55)	
Net Position, Ending	\$ 19,067	<u>\$ 16,484</u>	<u>\$ 1,141</u>	<u>\$ 1,148</u>	\$ 20,208	<u>\$ 17,632</u>	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE - CONTINUED

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$8.7 million.
- The amount that taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was only \$6.1 million.
- Some of the cost of these activities was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$786 thousand) or by grants and contributions (\$2 million).

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

The County reported fund balance in its governmental funds of approximately \$11.1 million at September 30, 2023.

General	\$ 8,329
Restricted for special revenue funds	 2,838
	\$ 11,167

Fund balance in the governmental funds increased approximately \$1.7 million. The general fund balance increased approximately \$1.6 million. Tax revenue was up approximately \$560 thousand as both property tax and sales tax increased. The road and bridge fund balance decreased approximately \$174 thousand. Tax revenue was up approximately \$74 thousand in the road and bridge fund. Tax revenue in other special revenue funds increased approximately \$35 thousand.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

No budget amendments were made throughout the year. Actual expenditures were less than budgeted by approximately \$1.2 million. Actual revenues were approximately \$458 thousand or 8% more than budgeted. Actual transfers in were approximately \$31 thousand less than budgeted. The fund balance actually increased approximately \$1.6 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2023 amounted to \$7.5 million. This investment in capital assets included land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and infrastructure.

Debt

At September 30, 2023, the County had long-term liabilities outstanding of \$318 thousand, consisting of notes payable and a net pension liability.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

In setting the fiscal year 2024 budget, the governing body, after careful consideration, increased the tax rate by \$0.0466. The overall property values remained constant, which will raise the 2024 county revenue.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES - CONTINUED

The only significant increases in expenditures budgeted for fiscal year 2024 was for a salary increase across the board, due to restructuring the salary scale. No other new programs or initiatives were added for fiscal year 2024.

We believe that the budget is reasonable, attainable, fiscally sound, and allows for services to be provided to the citizens of the County in a sound manner.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the County's Auditor's Office, 200 N. Walnut, Clarksville, TX 75426.

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

SEFIEM	DER 50, 2025		
		Business-	
	Governmental	Туре	
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,407,853	\$ 350,360	\$ 10,758,213
Certificates of Deposit	2,100,000	110,000	2,210,000
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible):			
Accounts	591,064	-	591,064
Property Taxes	1,015,952	-	1,015,952
Due from Fiduciary Funds	364,030	-	364,030
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation):			
Land	132,709	22,431	155,140
Buildings and Improvements	3,384,856	658,476	4,043,332
Furniture and Equipment	870,162	-	870,162
Infrastructure	2,830,300	-	2,830,300
Total Assets	21,696,926	1,141,267	22,838,193
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	401,864	-	401,864
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	401,864	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	401,864
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	394,009	-	394,009
Accrued Payroll	97,185	283	97,468
Compensated Absences	144,240		144,240
Unearned Revenue	1,681,651	-	1,681,651
Due to Other Governments	150,021	-	150,021
Non-current Liabilities:			100,041
Due Within One Year:			
Notes Payable	239,376	_	239,376
Due In More Than One Year:	200,070		20,0,0,0
Notes Payable	150,209	_	150,209
Net Pension Liability	167,999	-	167,999
Total Liabilities	3,024,690	283	3,024,973
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	(005		(005
	6,885		6,885
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,885		6,885
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,828,442	680,907	7,509,349
Restricted for:			
Various Funds	3,024,308	-	3,024,308
Unrestricted	9,214,465	460,077	9,674,542
Total Net Position	\$ 19,067,215	\$ 1,140,984	\$ 20,208,199

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

A-1

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

					Prog	ram Revenues					-	Expense) Revenu Inges in Net Posi	
		Expenses		Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions	G	Capital Frants and ntributions	G	overnmental Funds		Business- Type Activities	 Total
Governmental Activities:													
General Government	\$	497,824	\$	483,042	\$	9,942	\$	-	\$	(4,840)	\$	-	\$ (4,840)
Roads and Public Works		2,164,062		-		172,560		-		(1,991,502)		-	(1,991,502)
Legal		59,062		10,845		-		-		(48,217)		-	(48,217)
Judicial		551,489		15,168		-		-		(536,321)		-	(536,321)
Financial		428,405		266,013		-		-		(162,392)		-	(162,392)
Public Facilities		134,280		-		-		-		(134,280)		-	(134,280)
Public Safety		2,286,560		-		275,936		226,621		(1,784,003)		-	(1,784,003)
Intergovernmental		232,286		-		64,323		-		(167,963)		-	(167,963)
Miscellaneous		548,346		11,050		-		-		(537,296)		-	(537,296)
Health and Welfare		612,579		-		326,172		-		(286,407)		-	(286,407)
Culture and Recreation		136,004		-		10,789		-		(125,215)		-	(125,215)
Community Development		953,363		-		953,363		-		-		-	-
Interest on Long Term Debt		10,855		-		-		-		(10,855)		-	(10,855)
Total Governmental Activities		8,615,115		786,118		1,813,085		226,621		(5,789,291)		-	 (5,789,291)
Business-Type Activities:													
Prisoner Housing		40,855		600		-		-		-		(40,255)	(40,255)
Total Business-Type Activities		40,855	••••••	600		-						(40,255)	 (40,255)
Total Primary Government	\$	8,655,970	\$	786,718		1,813,085	\$	226,621	<u></u>	(5,789,291)		(40,255)	 (5,829,546)
	Gene	ral Revenues:											
	Pro	perty Taxes								6,053,214		-	6,053,214
	Oth	her Taxes								938,509		-	938,509
	Inv	estment Earning	s							305,851		6,895	312,746
	Mis	scellaneous								819,352		26,492	845,844
	Total	General Revenu	es							8,116,926		33,387	 8,150,313
	Chan	ge in Net Positi	on							2,327,635		(6,868)	2,320,767
				of Year, as Rest	ated					16,739,580		1,147,852	17,887,432
	Net P	osition at End	of Yea	r					\$	19,067,215	\$	1,140,984	\$ 20,208,199

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund						Home Grant Fund						Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS	\$	6,942,850	\$	620.208	e.		ø	1 474 (97	¢	1 410 012	¢	10 407 052						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Certificates of Deposit	Ĵ	0,942,830 1,500,000	3	620,308 550,000	\$	-	\$	1,434,682	\$	1,410,013 50,000	\$	10,407,853						
<u> </u>		1,300,000		330,000		-		-		50,000		2,100,000						
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectible): Accounts		410,676				156,783				22 605		591,064						
Property Taxes		822,430		- 193,522		150,785		-		23,605		1,015,952						
Due from Fiduciary Funds		822,430		195,522		-		-		- 364,030		364,030						
Total Assets	\$	9,675,956	\$	1,363,830	\$		\$	1,434,682	\$	1,847,648	\$	14,478,899						
1 otal Assets	<u></u>	9,073,930	<u>ه</u>	1,303,830	<u> </u>	130,783		1,434,082	<u> </u>	1,847,048	<u> </u>	14,478,899						
LIABILITIES																		
Accounts Payable	\$	56,101	\$	158,507	\$	156,783	\$	-	\$	22,618	\$	394,009						
Accrued Payroll		77,454		19,591		-		-		140		97,185						
Due to Other Governments		150,021		-		-		-		-		150,021						
Unearned Revenue		260,655		-		-		1,333,295		87,701		1,681,651						
Total Liabilities		544,231		178,098		156,783		1,333,295		110,459		2,322,866						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		802,896		186,736		-		-		-		989,632						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		802,896		186,736		·····						989,632						
FUND BALANCES																		
Restricted for:																		
Records Management		_		_						282,437		282,437						
Courthouse Security		_		-		-		-		93,793		93,793						
Roads and Public Works				998,996		-		-		61,559		1,060,555						
Judicial		_		550,550		-		-		21,389		21,389						
Public Safety		_		-		-		-		134,052		134,052						
Health and Welfare		_		_		-		-		777,951		777,951						
Special Projects		-		-		_		101,387		366,008		467,395						
Unassigned:				_		-		101,507		500,000		-07,070						
General Fund		8,328,829		_		_		_		_		8,328,829						
Total Fund Balances		8,328,829	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	998,996			<u> </u>	101,387		1,737,189		11,166,401						
		·····	<u></u>	<u> </u>			-		<u> </u>			·····						
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,	-																	
and Fund Balances		9,675,956	<u>\$</u>	1,363,830	\$	156,783	_\$	1,434,682	\$	1,847,648	\$	14,478,899						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 11,166,401
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.	7,218,027
Receivables reported in the statement of net position that are not available to provide current financial resources are not reported as receivables in the funds.	989,632
Long-term liabilities and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	(533,825)
The net effect of the change in pension liabilities and the net effect of the change in deferred outflows and inflows in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	 226,980
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 19,067,215

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	General Fund	eral Road and Home Fiscal Recovery Governm		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 4,567,671	\$ 1,036,691	\$-	\$-	\$ 430,974	\$ 6,035,336
Licenses and Permits	-	484,400	-	-	-	484,400
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	72,632	24,985	953,363	562,735	425,991	2,039,706
Charges for Services	592,480	-	-	-	37,865	630,345
Fines and Forfeitures	92,002	-	-	-	63,771	155,773
Interest	190,958	29,430	-	82,952	2,511	305,851
Miscellaneous	496,283	65,359	-	5,953	6,430	574,025
Total Revenues	6,012,026	1,640,865	953,363	651,640	967,542	10,225,436
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government	341,866	-	-	9,942	38,652	390,460
Roads and Public Works	-	1,551,014	-	-	147,575	1,698,589
Legal	57,240	-	-	-	1,822	59,062
Judicial	469,889	-	-	· _	-	469,889
Financial	403,471	-	-	-	-	403,471
Public Facilities	134,280	-	-	-	-	134,280
Public Safety	1,944,936	-	-	-	304,259	2,249,195
Intergovernmental	232,286	-	-	-	-	232,286
Miscellaneous	548,346	-	-	-	-	548,346
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	326,172	286,407	612,579
Culture and Recreation	125,215	-	-	-	10,789	136,004
Community Development	-	-	953,363	-	-	953,363
Capital Outlay	62,340	564,904	-	226,621	-	853,865
Debt Service:		,				,
Pricipal Retirement	67,547	122,561	-	-	-	190,108
Interest on Debt	7,831	3,024	-	-	_	10,855
Total Expenditures	4,395,247	2,241,503	953,363	562,735	789,504	8,942,352
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over Expenditures	1,616,779	(600,638)		88,905	178,038	1,283,084
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from Debt	-	276,776	-	-	-	276,776
Sale of Equipment	-	149,742	_	-	-	149,742
Transfers In	-		_	-	25,000	25,000
Transfers Out	(25,000)	_	-	-	25,000	(25,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(25,000)	426,518			25,000	426,518
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance, Beginning of Year,	1,591,779	(174,120)	-	88,905	203,038	1,709,602
as Restated (Note 16)	6,737,050	1,173,116	-	12,482	1,534,151	9,456,799
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 8,328,829	\$ 998,996		\$ 101,387	\$ 1,737,189	\$ 11,166,401
Land Datance, four of Teal	Ψ 0,520,027	φ 770,990	Ψ <u></u>	Ψ 101,387	Ψ 1,131,107	÷ 11,100,401

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,709,602
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the effect of those differences.		174,395
The statement of activities reports a gain or loss on the sale of assets based on the proceeds proceeds received and the net book value of the assets at the time of disposal. This amount is the net effect of the difference between the cost of assets disposed and the accumulated depreciation of assets disposed.		(128,974)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transactions, however, have any effect on net positions. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		(86,667)
Pension related items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in the government funds.		221,962
Compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenses in the government funds.		(37,266)
Revenues for property taxes in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the government funds.	,	474,583
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	2,327,635

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 350,360
Certificate of Deposit	110,000
Total Current Assets	460,360
Non-current Assets	
Capital Assets	1,664,254
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(983,347)
Total Non-current Assets	680,907
Total Assets	\$ 1,141,267
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accrued Payroll	\$ 283
Total Current Liabilities	283
Total Liabilities	283
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	680,907
Unrestricted	460,077
Total Net Position	\$ 1,140,984

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

\$	600
\$	600
	000
	26,492
<u></u>	27,092
	8,043
	32,812
	40,855
	(13,763)
	6,895
	6,895
	(6,868)
	1,147,852
\$	1,140,984

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		iness-Type Activities
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash Received for Providing Services	\$	27,092
Cash Paid to Providers of Services		(7,760)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	**	19,332
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities		
Net Cash Provided by Non-capital Financing Activities		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Net Cash Used by Financing Activities		-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest Income		6,895
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		6,895
Increase (Decrease) in Cash		26,227
Cash, Beginning of Year		324,133
Cash, End of Year	\$	350,360
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net		
Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(13,763)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided		
by Operating Activities		
Depreciation Expense		32,812
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll		283
	\$	19,332

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

ASSETS	Custodial Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 785,151
Certificates of Deposit	338,383
Total Assets	\$ 1,123,534
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 385
Due to Other Funds	364,030
Total Liabilities	364,415
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Individuals and Other Governments	759,119
Total Net Position	\$ 759,119

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

ADDITIONS	(Custodial Funds
Amounts Collected for Individuals and Other Governments	\$	2,217,086
Interest		10,575
Total Additions		2,227,661
DEDUCTIONS		
Amounts Distributed to Individuals and Other Governments		2,123,296
Total Deductions		2,123,296
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position		104,365
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated (Note 16)		654,754
Net Position, End of Year	\$	759,119

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Red River County, Texas is a county government operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a four member Commissioners Court elected by registered voters of the County. The Commissioners Court serves as the principal decision making body of the County. The county judge serves as an administrative official and votes with the Commissioners Court as a tiebreaker only. The County prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other authoritative sources identified in *Statement on Auditing Standards No. 69* of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Commissioners Court is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions and significantly influence operations. It has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the County is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of Red River County with most of the interfund activities removed. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, charges for services, grants and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the County operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the County. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the County to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the County's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds and between governmental funds and fiduciary funds appear as "due to" or "due from" on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and as "other resources" and "other uses" on the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as "due to" or "due from" on the governmental funds.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories – governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for County operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The County considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses form non-operating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are non-operating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials, labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are non-operating

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The County considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The County considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the County to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements use the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and measurable and recognizes expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

D. Fund Accounting

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund – The general fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund – These funds are aggregated on the financial statement and have the primary purpose of allocating revenues to the various precincts of the County where each elected commissioner is responsible for maintenance of County infrastructure.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Home Grant Special Revenue Fund – This fund was created to maintain and track the HOME Investment Partnership Program grant received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development passed through the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs.

State and Local Fiscal Recovery Grant Special Revenue Fund – This fund was created to maintain and track the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds grant received by the U.S. Department of the Treasury.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Other Governmental Funds – The County accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes in other nonmajor special revenue funds as scheduled at H-1 and H-2.

Proprietary Funds – The County's activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of providing the goods or services of those activities are accounted for in an enterprise fund. The County's nonmajor enterprise fund is the jail housing fund.

Fiduciary Funds – The County accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in custodial funds. Financial resources for these funds are recorded as assets, liabilities, and equity. Therefore, these funds do not include revenues and expenditures. If any unused resources are declared surplus, they are transferred to the general fund with a recommendation to the Commissioners Court for an appropriate utilization through a budgeted program.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand and time deposit accounts. The County classifies all certificates of deposit as investments. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the County considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less.

2. Investments

Investments for the County are reported at fair value. Short-term investments, such as certificates of deposit and debt securities with a maturity date of less than one year, are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals.

3. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Activity between funds that is representative of lending or borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." All trade and property taxes receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible. The property tax receivable allowance is shown at a 10-75% of outstanding property taxes receivable as of year-end, depending on the length of time outstanding. Property taxes are levied each October 1 and may be paid without penalty until January 31. A penalty is added to payments received February 1 through June 30. Optionally, taxes may be paid in two installments, one-half due November 30 and one-half due June 30. A 15% penalty is added to taxes remaining delinquent on July 1 and an enforceable lien attaches July 1.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by governmental activities as assets with a normal service life greater than one year and an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000.

Such assets are stated at cost. Where cost could not be determined from the available records, estimated historical cost was used to record the estimated value of the assets. Donated assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the lives of the underlying assets, are not capitalized. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years	Assets	Years		
Buildings	50	Office Equipment	5 - 7		
Building Improvements	50	Machinery	7 - 10		
Vehicles	5	Roads	50		

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

5. Long-term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

6. Accrued Compensated Absences

Paid time off (PTO) hours are granted to all full-time permanent employees of the County. The number of hours range from twenty (20) to one hundred sixty (160) hours, depending upon length of continuous service. Unused PTO expires at the end of the calendar year. An employee that has worked at least one year and resigns, is discharged or is terminated for any other reason shall receive pay for all unused PTO hours up to half of the employee's maximum annual PTO benefit. An employee who has not worked for a minimum of one year in a position eligible for PTO shall not be eligible for any PTO pay upon termination of employment.

All full-time regular employees of the County are eligible to accrue sick leave at a rate of one-half work day per month (4 hours). Employees are not entitled to payment for unused sick leave upon termination. Sick leave is allowed to be accumulated but does not vest. Therefore, a liability for unused sick leave has not been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

7. Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Fund balances may be restricted or unrestricted (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). The government itself can establish limitation on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance). Fund balance for governmental funds can consist of the following:

Non-spendable fund balance – includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in a spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts and long-term notes receivable.

Restricted fund balance – includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance – includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision making authority. The Commissioners Court is the highest level of decision making authority for the County that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit a fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

7. Fund Equity (Continued)

Assigned fund balance – includes amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Commissioners Court has taken action to assign fund balance for specific purposes the current fiscal year. The Commissioners Court may by resolution authorize the county judge to assign fund balance. The Commissioners Court may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenues and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned fund balance – generally, the general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

8. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category: the deferred pension outflows reported in the statement of net position. The deferred pension outflows consist of differences between expected and actual economic experience, differences between projected and actual investment earned, and contributions made by the County after the liability measurement date, but prior to the County year-end.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as in inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: the deferred pension inflows reported in the statement of net position and unavailable property tax revenue reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The deferred pension inflows consist of changes in actuarial assumptions. Unavailable property tax revenue is comprised of property tax receivable that is not available to pay for current expenditures of the county.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

10. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the respective retirement plan and additions to/deductions from the respective Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the respective pension plan. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Data

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for the general fund, and the special revenue funds. All annual budget appropriations lapse at year-end and are re-established in the succeeding year.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 20, the County prepares a budget for the next succeeding year that begins October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Commissioners Court is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the Commissioners Court legally enacts the budget through passage of a resolution. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Court. Amendments are presented to the Court at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Court approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Court, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the County has a policy of careful budgetary control, budget amendments were necessary during the year.
- 4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure account level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Court. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.
- 5. The County does not employ encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase order and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Court appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signage of a contract creates an encumbrance, but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

B. Deficit Fund Equity

The County had no funds with deficit fund equity as of September 30, 2023.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

County Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits – State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agents. Since the county complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

The captions and amounts of cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit on the Balance Sheet and Statements of Fiduciary Net Position as of September 30, 2023, consist of the following:

	General Fund	 ad and lge Fund	Home Grant	Fisc	e and Local al Recovery rant Fund	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds	prietary Funds	duciary Funds
Cash in Bank	\$ 2,957,775	\$ 134,023	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,410,013	\$	4,501,811	\$ 247,980	\$ 582,578
Investment Pools Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,985,075 6,942,850	\$ 486,285 620,308	\$ 	\$	<u>1,434,682</u> 1,434,682	\$ - 1,410,013	\$	<u>5,906,042</u> 10,407,853	\$ <u>102,380</u> 350,360	\$ 202,573 785,151
Certificates of Deposits	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 550.000	\$ 	\$		\$ 50,000	\$	2,100,000	\$ 110.000	\$ 338,383

The County's cash deposits at September 30, 2023 and during the year ended September 30, 2023 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA) governs the District's investment policies and types of investments. The District's management believes that it complies with the requirements of the PFIA and the County's investments policies.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of September 30, 2023, the county had the following investment pool accounts:

	Amortize d
Investment Type	Cost
TexPool	\$ 5,906,042
Total Investment Pools	\$ 5,906,042

Credit Risk – For an investment, credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County's investment policy details stipulations for approved investments in repurchase agreements, banker's acceptance, commercial paper, mutual funds, money market mutual funds, and investment pools. As outlined in the County's policy, a public fund investment pool must be continuously rated no lower than a AAA or AAAm or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. As of September 30, 2023, the County's investments in TexPool are rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk – To limit the risk of changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the County requires invested instruments maturities do not exceed one year from the time of purchase except when a longer maturity may be specifically authorized by the Board for a given investment provided legal limits are not exceeded.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAX

The Red River County Tax Assessor Collector bills and collects property taxes for Red River County. Ad valorem tax revenue during the year ended September 30, 2023, was levied using a rate of \$0.66345 per one hundred dollars of assessed valuation. Taxes were allocated for the Maintenance and Operations of the General and Road funds at \$0.53998 and \$0.12347, respectively. The County elects to contribute 10% of General Fund's property tax collections to the Indigent Health Care Special Revenue Fund.

The County levied property taxes for the 2022 tax roll totaling \$5,471,830. Such tax is based on the assessed valuation of approximately \$832 million with an applicable tax rate of \$0.66345 per \$100 valuation.

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

As of September 30, 2023, the County had the following receivables:

	1	General	an	Road d Bridge	Home Grant	onmajor ernmental	Total
Receivables:		<u></u>			 		
Accounts	\$	410,676	\$	-	\$ 156,783	\$ 23,605	\$ 591,064
Property Taxes		1,191,887		284,720	 	 	 1,476,607
Gross Receivables		1,602,563		284,720	156,783	23,605	2,067,671
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		369,457		91,198	 	 	 460,655
Net Total Receivables	_\$	1,233,106	\$	193,522	\$ 156,783	\$ 23,605	 1,607,016

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Primary Government						
	Balance			Balance			
	9/30/2022	Additions	Deletions	9/30/2023			
Governmental Activities:	<u></u>						
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated							
Land	\$ 132,709	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 132,709			
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	132,709	-	-	132,709			
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Building and Improvements	5,712,813	217,980	-	5,930,793			
Machinery and Equipment	3,965,554	635,885	(340,508)	4,260,931			
Roads	16,967,500			16,967,500			
Total Capital Assets Being Depreicated	26,645,867	853,865	(340,508)	27,159,224			
Less: Accumulated Depreciation							
Buildings and Improvements	(2,439,327)	(106,610)	-	(2,545,937)			
Machinery and Equipment	(3,371,389)	(233,510)	214,130	(3,390,769)			
Roads	(13,797,850)	(339,350)	-	(14,137,200)			
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(19,608,566)	(679,470)	214,130	(20,073,906)			
Government Actitivities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 7,170,010	\$ 174,395	\$ (126,378)	\$ 7,218,027			
Business-Type Activities:							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated							
Land	\$ 22,431	\$ -	\$-	\$ 22,431			
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	22,431			22,431			
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Buildings and Improvements	1,641,823	_	-	1,641,823			
Total Capital Assets Being Depreicated	1,641,823			1,641,823			
Less: Accumulated Depreciation							
Building and Improvements	(950,535)	(32,812)		(983,347)			
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(950,535)	(32,812)		(983,347)			
Business-Type Capital Assets, Net	\$ 713,719	\$ (32,812)	<u> </u>	\$ 680,907			

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Business-Type Activities:		
General Government	\$ 70,098	Public Safety	\$	6,401
Public Safety	37,365	Judicial		26,411
Highways, Streets and Bridges	465,473			
Financial	24,934			
Judicial	 81,600		<u></u>	
	\$ 679,470			32,812

NOTE 7 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES

The composition of interfund transfers as of September 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Transfer Out		Tra	ansfer In
General Fund	\$	25,000	\$	
Other Governmental Funds		-		25,000
Total	\$	25,000	\$	25,000

Funds were transferred from the General Fund to the Juvenile Probation Fund (other governmental fund) to help cover program expenses.

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2023 is as follows:

	_ Due To	D	ue From
Fiduciary Funds	\$ 364,030	\$	
Other Governmental Funds			364,030
Total	\$ 364,030	\$	364,030

Interfund balances consist of fines and fees collected and held in fiduciary accounts that are due to be remitted to the County Office Fees Special Revenue account (other governmental fund).

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Payable at 10/1/2022	Additions (Reductions)	Payable at 9/30/2023	Due within One Year	
Note Payable - Metal Roof and Related Equipment	\$ 94,864	4.35%	\$ 57,813	\$ (6,214)	\$ 51,599	\$ 6,484	
Note Payable - 2023 Mack Truck	\$ 127,500	2.41%	119,933	(119,933)	-	-	
Note Payable - 2024 Mack Truck	\$ 145,337	5.78%	-	142,741	142,741	142,741	
Note Payable - Election Equipment	\$ 293,100	4.26%	125,172	(61,365)	63,807	63,807	
Note Payable - Tractor Tiger Mower	\$ 131,438	5.69%	-	131,438	131,438	26,344	
			\$ 302,918	\$ 86,667	\$ 389,585	\$ 239,376	

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The County's long-term debt from notes as of September 30, 2023 is as follows:

(A) Note payable, Government Capital Corporation, due in annual payments of \$8,735 including interest at 4.348%. Annual payments began in December 2015 and continue through December 2029.	\$ 51,599
(B) Note payable, Government Capital Corporation, due in annual payments of \$66,706 including interest at 4.26%. Annual payments began in October 2019 and continue through October 2023.	63,807
(C) Note payable, Cadence Bank, due in monthly payments of \$1,995 including interest at 4.26% Monthly payments began in August 2023 and continue through August 2024.	142,741
(D) Note payable, First National Bank, due in annual payments of \$30,114 including interest at 5.69% Annual payments will begin in April 2024 and continue through April 2028.	131,438
(E) Note payable, Cadence Bank, due in monthly payments of \$1,510 including interest at 2.41% Monthly payments began in April 2022 and continue through July 2023.	\$ 389,585

The annual requirements to amortize notes payable as of September 30, 2023 is as follows:

Years Ending					
9/30	Principal	Interest	Total		
2024	\$ 239,376	\$ 15,958	\$ 255,334		
2025	30,900	7,949	38,849		
2026	32,568	6,281	38,849		
2027	34,327	4,522	38,849		
2028	36,181	2,668	38,849		
2029-2032	16,233	1,077	17,310		
	\$ 389,585	\$ 38,455	\$ 428,040		

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2023:

	Balance			Balance			Current			
	Sept. 30, 2022		Additions		Payments		Sept. 30, 2023		Portion	
Notes Payable	\$	302,918	\$	276,775	\$	(190,108)	\$	389,585	\$	239,376
Accrued Compensated Absences		106,974		37,266		-		144,240		144,240
Net Pension Liability				167,999				167,999		
Total	\$	409,892	\$	482,040		(190,108)		701,824	_\$	383,616

The general fund is primarily responsible for the accrued compensated absences liability and net pension liability for the governmental activities.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. The County participates in a risk management program through Texas Association of Counties for workers compensation insurance. The County has not had any significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in prior years. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous three years.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN LIABILITY

Plan Description

The County participates as one of over 800 plans in a non-traditional, joint contributory, defined benefit plan administered by the state-wide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). TCDRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TCDRS Act, as an agent, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The TCDRS Act places the general administration and management of the system with a nine member board of trustees. Although the governor, with advice and consent of the senate appoints the board, TCDRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. The system's comprehensive annual financial report can be obtained at <u>www.tcdrs.org</u>.

All full and part-time employees are required to participate in TCDRS, regardless of the hours they work in a year or their age. Only those employees who are classified as "temporary" are excluded from enrollment.

Benefits

TCDRS provides retirement, disability and death benefits to eligible employees. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated based on the employee's account balance and the employer's matching. The employee's account balance with the employer's matching contributions is converted to an annuity at retirement and then he or she receives a payment every month for the rest of his or her life. Retirees elect to receive their monthly retirement benefit by choosing from one of seven actuarially equivalent payment options. Each employer may elect the partial lump-sum option. This payment option allows the retiring member to receive an immediate lump-sum payment not to exceed his or her account balance, and choose a reduced monthly lifetime benefit from any of the payment options.

Members can retire, with full benefits, when their age and years of service total 75, at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service or with 30 years of service regardless of age. A member is vested after 8 years, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefits.

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	67
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	173
Active employees	86
	326

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS is 4%, 5%, 6% or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the governing body of the County. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for the County is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance any unfunded accrual liability. The TCDRS Act allows and the employer may elect to make an additional optional contribution to its account during the year, in addition to its regular monthly contributions.

The employees of Red River County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rate for the County was 11.20% for October through December 2022 and 11.74% for January through September 2023. The County's contributions for the year ended September 30, 2023 was equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Overall Payroll Growth	3.00%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%, net of administrative and investment expense, including inflation

The County has no automatic cost of living adjustments (COLA) and one is not considered to be substantially automatic. Each year the County may elect an ad-hoc COLA for its retirees.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TCDRS over the four year period from January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2020. These assumptions were adopted in 2021 and first used in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

The mortality actuarial assumptions for active members, retirees and beneficiaries, which were first used in December 2021 actuarial valuation, are as follows:

Depositing Members	135% of Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Employees Amount - Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Service Retirees, Beneficiaries	
and Non-depositing Members	135% of Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount - Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Disabled Retirees	160% of Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount- Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP- 2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected longterm real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultants. The numbers shown are based on January 2023 information for a 10-year time horizon.

internation for a re year time nor		Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Benchmark	0	Rate of Return
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.95%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.95%
Int'l Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	4.95%
Int'l Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.95%
Investment Grade Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	2.40%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Index	9.00%	3.39%
Direct Lending	Morningstar LSTA US Leveraged Loan TR USD I	16.00%	6.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index	4.00%	7.60%
REIT Equities	67%FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs Index + 33%		
	S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Ven	ture	
	Capital Index	25.00%	7.95%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds		
	Composite Index	6.00%	2.90%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	20.00%

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.6%. The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments, results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and, (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not included in (1) calculated using the municipal bond rate.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employees and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pension					
	Liability	Net Position	(As	sset) Liability		
	(a)	(b)		(a)-(b)		
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$12,302,547	\$13,786,965	\$	(1,484,418)		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	367,642	-		367,642		
Interest	938,961	-		938,961		
Effects of economic/demographic gains/losses	(13,771)	-		(13,771)		
Refund of contributions	(45,321)	(45,321)		-		
Contributions - employer	-	275,775		(275,775)		
Contributions - employee	-	179,240		(179,240)		
Net investment income	-	(792,211)		792,211		
Benefit payments, including refunds of contributions	(597,332)	(597,332)		-		
Administrative expense	-	(7,492)	•	7,492		
Other changes		(14,897)		14,897		
Net changes	650,179	(1,002,238)		1,652,417		
Balance at 12/31/2022	\$12,952,726	\$12,784,727	\$	167,999		

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the Red River County net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in					1% Increase in		
	Discou	unt Rate (6.6%)	Discou	unt Rate (7.6%)	Discou	unt Rate (8.6%)		
Total Pension Liability	\$	14,644,069	\$	12,952,726	\$	11,549,657		
Fiduciary Net Position		12,784,728		12,784,727		12,784,728		
Net Pension Liability/Asset as of December 31, 2022	\$	1,859,341	\$	167,999	<u>\$</u>	(1,235,071)		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at <u>www.tcdrs.org</u>.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the County recognized pension income of \$221,962.

At September 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows of		Γ	Deferred
			Outflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	6,885	\$	-
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-		-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		231,261
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		170,603
	\$	6,885	\$	401,864

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows)				
September 30,	of Resources				
2023	\$	(172,422)			
2024		(9,300)			
2025		39,261			
2026		366,438			
2027		-			
Thereafter					
Total		223,977			

NOTE 13 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the County has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at September 30, 2023 may be impaired. In the opinion of the county, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 14 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The County is allowed to enter into property tax abatement agreements for the purpose of stimulating business and commercial activity in the County in accordance with Sec. 312.007of the *Texas Tax Code* and Sec. 381.004(g) of the *Texas Local Government Code*.

The County has entered into an Economic Development Agreement to reduce property taxes. The agreement calls for a reduction of taxable property values of 100% for eligible property over a period not to exceed 10 years. As a condition of the abatement, the party eligible for abatement anticipates construction improvements on the reinvestment zone site consisting of photovoltaic solar powered electricity generation facility. The project is expected to have an overall minimum investment in the County of \$2,000,000. The project is expected to achieve commercial operations by December 31, 2024. Once improvements are constructed and commercial operations are achieved, the eligible party agrees to make annual PILOT payments of the greater of \$750 per megawatt of nameplate capacity or \$187,500 for a total of ten payments.

During the year ended September 30, 2023, commercial operations had not been achieved and therefore no PILOT payments were due or received.

NOTE 15 - IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

For 2023, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription –Based Information Technology Arrangements*, issued May 2020. GASB Statement No. 96 addresses accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs by governments. A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's information technology software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets, as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. This statement provides an exception for short-term SBITAs. Short term SBITAs have a maximum possible term under the SBITA contract of 12 months or less, including any options to extend, regardless of the probability of being exercised. Subscription payments for short-term SBITAs should be recognized as outflows of resources. The county had no SBITAs as of September 30, 2023.

NOTE 16 -RESTATEMENT

During the year ended September 30, 2023, it was discovered that accrued payroll was not recorded as of September 30, 2022. The amount of accrued payroll was \$85,451. In addition, it was discovered that some fees due to the county were not included in revenue in prior years. The amount of these fees was \$341,180.

The addition of these accounts had the following effect on the net position as of September 30, 2022:

			State and Local	Other	Total
		Road and	Fiscal Recovery	Governmental	Governmental
	General Fund	Bridge Fund Grant Fund		Funds	Funds
Net Position September 30, 2022	\$ 6,806,311	\$ 1,189,306	\$ 12,482	\$ 1,192,971	\$ 9,201,070
Adjustments:					
Accrued Payroll	(69,261)	(16,190)	-	-	(85,451)
County Office Fees				341,180	341,180
Restated Net Position September 30, 2022	\$ 6,737,050	\$ 1,173,116	\$ 12,482	\$ 1,534,151	\$ 9,456,799

During the year ended September 30, 2023, it was discovered that some funds had not been included in the fiduciary statements. The amount of these funds were \$408,840.

The addition of these accounts had the following effect on the fiduciary net position as of September 30, 2022:

	Tota	Total Custodial		
		Funds		
Net Position September 30, 2022	\$	-		
Adjustments:				
Cash and Certificates of Deposit		654,754		
Restated Net Position September 30, 2022	\$	654,754		

NOTE 17 – MANAGEMENT REVIEW

In preparing these financial statements, management of the County has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through June 21, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMEBER 30, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with	
	Original Final		GAAP Basis	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 4,645,503	\$ 4,645,503	\$ 4,567,671	\$ (77,832)	
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	100,714	100,714	72,632	(28,082)	
Charges for Services	607,158	607,158	592,480	(14,678)	
Fines and Forfeitures	86,000	86,000	92,002	6,002	
Interest	15,500	15,500	190,958	175,458	
Miscellaneous	99,300	99,300	496,283	396,983	
Total Revenues	5,554,175	5,554,175	6,012,026	457,851	
EXPENDITURES	,				
Current:					
General Government	379,094	379,094	341,866	37,228	
Legal	146,948	146,948	57,240	89,708	
Judicial	571,224	571,224	469,889	101,335	
Financial	459,387	459,387	403,471	55,916	
Public Facilities	164,923	164,923	134,280	30,643	
Public Safety	2,478,947	2,478,947	1,944,936	534,011	
Intergovernmental	264,050	264,050	232,286	31,764	
Miscellaneous	768,900	768,900	548,346	220,554	
Culture and Recreation	134,507	134,507	125,215	9,292	
Capital Outlay	116,089	116,089	62,340	53,749	
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	68,215	68,240	67,547	693	
Interest on Debt	7,921	7,896	7,831	65	
Total Expenditures	5,560,205	5,560,205	4,395,247	1,164,958	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	(6,030)	(6,030)	1,616,779	1,622,809	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	31,030	31,030	-	(31,030)	
Transfers Out	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	6,030	6,030	(25,000)	(31,030)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	1,591,779	1,591,779	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	6,737,050	6,737,050	6,737,050	-,	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 6,737,050	\$ 6,737,050	\$ 8,328,829	\$ 1,591,779	
		,,			

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMEBER 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts		Variance with	
	Original		Ainc	Final		AAP Basis	Final Budget		
REVENUES		<u></u>						8	
Taxes	\$	1,050,926	\$	1,050,926	\$	1,036,691	\$	(14,235)	
Licenses and Permits		500,000		500,000		484,400		(15,600)	
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		25,000		25,000		24,985		(15)	
Interest		3,075		3,075		29,430		26,355	
Miscellaneous		-	_	-		106,620		106,620	
Total Revenues		1,579,001		1,579,001		1,682,126		103,125	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Roads and Public Works		1,560,001		2,660,917		1,551,014		1,109,903	
Capital Outlay		-		-		564,904		(564,904)	
Debt Service:		,							
Principal Retirement		16,000		15,976		119,933		(103,957)	
Interest on Debt		3,000		3,024		3,024		-	
Total Expenditures		1,579,001		2,679,917		2,238,875		441,042	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over Expenditures			<u> </u>	(1,100,916)		(556,749)		544,167	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from Bond Issue		-		-		276,776		276,776	
Sale of Equipment		-		-		105,853		105,853	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						382,629		382,629	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(1,100,916)		(174,120)		926,796	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,173,116		1,173,116		1,173,116		-	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,173,116	\$	72,200	\$	998,996	\$	926,796	
,		,	=	, •					

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - HOME GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMEBER 30, 2023

			Actual	
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Final Budget
REVENUES		<u></u>	<u></u>	
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	\$ 1,166,050	\$ 1,166,050	\$ 953,363	\$ (212,687)
Total Revenues	1,166,050	1,166,050	953,363	(212,687)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Community Development	1,166,050	1,166,050	953,363	212,687
Total Expenditures	1,166,050	1,166,050	953,363	212,687
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures				-
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$	\$	\$

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STATE AND LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMEBER 30, 2023

	nts		Actual mounts	Variance with					
	0	riginal		Final		GAAP Basis		Final Budget	
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	\$	-	\$	562,735	\$	562,735	\$	-	
Interest		800		800		82,952		82,152	
Miscellaneous		-		-		5,953		5,953	
Total Revenues		800		563,535		651,640		88,105	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government		-		9,942		9,942		-	
Health and Welfare		-		326,172		326,172		-	
Capital Outlay		-		226,621		226,621		-	
Total Expenditures		-		562,735	·	562,735			
Net Change in Fund Balance		800		800		88,905		88,105	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		12,482		12,482		12,482		-	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	13,282	\$	13,282	\$	101,387	\$	88,105	

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension (Asset) Liability									
Service Cost	\$ 367,642	\$ 379,251	\$ 311,901	\$ 283,757	\$ 297,224	\$ 275,683	\$ 298,019	\$ 277,381	\$ 295,844
Interest on Total Pension Liability	938,961	902,549	868,219	820,239	787,213	745,666	700,798	679,496	645,512
Effect of Plan Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(46,545)	-
Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs	-	(71,846)	654,243	-	-	46,253	-	94,566	-
Effect of Economic/Demographic (Gains) Losses	(13,771)	(79,076)	(112,355)	75,152	(43,695)	48,098	3,961	(189,287)	(22,415)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Contributions	(642,653)	(637,773)	(626,648)	(603,670)	(634,837)	(614,182)	(544,040)	(534,542)	(493,989)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	650,179	493,105	1,095,360	575,478	405,905	501,518	458,738	281,069	424,952
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	12,302,548	11,809,443	10,714,083	10,138,605	9,732,700	9,231,182	8,772,444	8,491,375	8,066,423
Total Pension Liability, Ending (a)	12,952,727	12,302,548	11,809,443	10,714,083	10,138,605	9,732,700	9,231,182	8,772,444	8,491,375
Total Fiduciary Net Position									
Employer Contributions	275,775	259,915	271,989	226,078	219,039	195,702	187,406	179,972	189,655
Member Contributions	179,240	181,820	186,840	168,354	162,250	150,704	148,567	141,395	144,617
Net Investment Income	(792,211)	2,501,543	1,092,531	1,523,854	(184,095)	1,270,944	614,895	(8,336)	550,859
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Contributions	(642,653)	(637,773)	(626,648)	(603,670)	(634,837)	(614,182)	(544,040)	(534,542)	(493,989)
Administrative Expense	(7,492)	(7,459)	(8,408)	(8,062)	(7,452)	(6,471)	(6,681)	(6,057)	(6,419)
Other	(14,895)	(2,389)	(3,918)	(5,690)	(6,577)	(3,650)	18,211	12,207	11,902
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(1,002,236)	2,295,657	912,386	1,300,864	(451,672)	993,047	418,358	(215,361)	396,625
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	13,786,964	11,491,307	10,578,921	9,278,057	9,729,729	8,736,682	8,318,324	8,533,685	8,137,060
Total Pension Liability, Ending (b)	12,784,728	13,786,964	11,491,307	10,578,921	9,278,057	9,729,729	8,736,682	8,318,324	8,533,685
Net Pension (Asset) Liability, Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 167,999	<u>\$ (1,484,416)</u>	\$ 318,136	\$ 135,162	\$ 860,548	\$ 2,971	\$ 494,500	\$ 454,120	\$ (42,310)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of									
Total Pension Liability	98.70%	112.07%	97.31%	98.74%	91.51%	99.97%	94.64%	94.82%	100.50%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,560,577	\$ 2,597,430	\$ 2,669,139	2,405,062	2,317,863	2,152,909	2,122,379	2,019,929	2,030,546
Net Pension (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Covered Covered Employee Payroll	6.56%	-57.15%	11.92%	5.62%	37.13%	0.14%	23.30%	22.48%	-2.08%

Notes to the Schedule:

GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.146 requires that the data in this schedule be presented for the time period covered by the

measurement date rather than the governmental entity's current fiscal year.

As required by GASB 68, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2013*	173,285	173,285	-	1,969,158	8.8%
2014*	189,655	189,655	-	2,030,546	9.3%
2015*	179,972	179,972	-	2,019,929	8.9%
2016*	187,406	187,406	-	2,122,379	8.8%
2017	195,702	195,702	-	2,152,909	9.1%
2018	219,039	219,039	+	2,317,863	9.5%
2019	226,078	226,078	-	2,405,062	9.4%
2020	271,989	271,989	-	2,669,139	10.2%
2021	259,743	259,915	(172)	2,597,430	10.0%
2022	275,775	275,775	-	2,560,577	10.8%

Note: GASB #68, paragraph 81.2.b requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the County's fiscal year as of the time period covered by the measurement date.

* The amounts presented for years 2013-2016 are on a calendar year.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	16.3 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2022 valuation)
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit
	payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and 120% of the Pub 2010 General
	Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Other Information	
	2015: New Inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.
Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected	2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.
in the Schedule of Employer Contributions	2019: New Inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.
	2022: New investment return and inflation assumptions were reflected
Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of Contributions	2015: Employer contributions reflect the current service matching rate was increased to 155% for future benefits and a 10% CPI COLA was adopted.
	2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.
	2017: Employer contributions reflect that the current service matching rate was increased to 165% for future benefits. Also, new annuity purchase rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017.
	2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.
	2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.
	2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.
	2021: Employer contributions reflect that the current service matching rate was increased to 170%
	for future benefits and a 1% flat COLA was adopted.
	2022: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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				Special Rev	venue	Funds	100 ₀₀ -00-0-0-	
	_Law	, Library		Drug Fund		Courthouse Security		Indigent ealth Care
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,690	\$	85,506	\$	93,793	\$	777,937
Certificates of Deposit		-		-		-		-
Receivables (net of allowances):								
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-						
Total Assets		6,690		85,506	\$	93,793	\$	777,937
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	_ '	\$	_	\$	-	\$	(14)
Accrued Payroll		-		-		-		-
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		_
Total Liabilities			<u> </u>		- <u></u>			(14)
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for:								
Records Management		-		-		-		-
Courthouse Security		-		-		93,793		-
Roads and Public Works		-		-		_		-
Judicial		6,690		-		-		-
Public Safety		**		85,506		-		-
Health and Welfare		-		-		-		777,951
Special Projects		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances	• <u> </u>	6,690		85,506		93,793		777,951
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,								
and Fund Balances	\$	6,690		85,506		93,793	\$	777,937

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	Special Revenue Funds									
	Book Preservation			Record Management		ight of Way		uvenile obation		
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	117,141	\$	10,964	\$	11,559	\$	21,819		
Certificates of Deposit		-		-		50,000		-		
Receivables (net of allowances):		,								
Accounts		-		-		-		-		
Due from Other Funds		-		-				-		
Total Assets		117,141	\$	10,964	\$	61,559	\$	21,819		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	441	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,518		
Accrued Payroll		-		-		_		140		
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-		
Total Liabilities	·····	441		-		**		1,658		
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for:										
Records Management		116,700		10,964		-		-		
Courthouse Security		-		-		-		-		
Roads and Public Works		<u>'</u>		-		61,559		-		
Judicial		-		-		-		-		
Public Safety		-		-		-		20,161		
Health and Welfare				-		-		-		
Special Projects		-		-		-		-		
Total Fund Balances		116,700	••••	10,964		61,559		20,161		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,										
and Fund Balances		117,141	\$	10,964	\$	61,559		21,819		

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	Special Revenue Funds										
	Juvenile Probation Comm. Corr.		Diversionary Placement					ail Bond Board			
ASSETS											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,846	\$	11,254	\$	43,784	\$	13,871			
Certificates of Deposit		-		-		-		-			
Receivables (net of allowances):											
Accounts		11,105		-		-		-			
Due from Other Funds								-			
Total Assets		18,951	\$	11,254	\$	43,784	\$	13,871			
LIABILITIES											
Accounts Payable	\$	6,211	\$	-	\$	74	\$	-			
Accrued Payroll		-		-		-		-			
Unearned Revenue		-		9,734		35,423		-			
Total Liabilities		6,211	B	9,734		35,497	<u> </u>				
FUND BALANCES											
Restricted for:											
Records Management		-		-		-		-			
Courthouse Security		-		-		-		-			
Roads and Public Works		-		-		-		-			
Judicial		-		-		-		13,871			
Public Safety		12,740		1,520		8,287		-			
Health and Welfare		-		-		-					
Special Projects		-		-		-		-			
Total Fund Balances	<u></u>	12,740		1,520		8,287		13,871			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,											
and Fund Balances	\$	18,951	\$	11,254	\$	43,784		13,871			

	Special Revenue Funds								
		Check	County Attorney		Co. Attny Welfare		Sheriff Comm. Svc.		
	R	Fee	Dri	Drug Forf.		raud	Program		
ASSETS	•		.		•	~ ~ ~	.		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	210	\$	1,901	\$	618	\$	16	
Certificates of Deposit		-		-		-		-	
Receivables (net of allowances):									
Accounts		-		-		-		-	
Due from Other Funds	<u></u> ф	-	<u></u>						
Total Assets	\$	210		1,901	\$	618	\$	16	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	189	\$	· •	\$	-	
Accrued Payroll		-		-		-		_	
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-	
Total Liabilities			•	189				-	
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted for:									
Records Management		-		-		-		-	
Courthouse Security		-		-				-	
Roads and Public Works		-		-		-		-	
Judicial		210		0		618		-	
Public Safety		-		1,712		-		16	
Health and Welfare				-		-		-	
Special Projects	_	-				-		-	
Total Fund Balances		210	•	1,712		618		16	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,									
and Fund Balances		210	\$	1,901	\$	618	\$	16	

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Economic Development		County Clerk Vital Stats Record			unty Clerk Archive Fees	Tx Dept of Ag. CDBG			
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,978	\$	4,110	\$	154,773	\$	-		
Certificates of Deposit		-		-		-		-		
Receivables (net of allowances):										
Accounts		-		-		-		12,500		
Due from Other Funds	<u> </u>		<u></u>	-				-		
Total Assets	\$	1,978	\$	4,110	\$	154,773	\$	12,500		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,500		
Accrued Payroll		-		-		-		-		
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-		
Total Liabilities	H				•			12,500		
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for:										
Records Management		<u>-</u>		-		154,773		-		
Courthouse Security		-		-		-		-		
Roads and Public Works		-		-		-		-		
Judicial		-		-		-		-		
Public Safety		-		4,110		-		-		
Health and Welfare		-		-		-		-		
Special Projects		1,978		-		-		-		
Total Fund Balances		1,978		4,110		154,773				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,										
and Fund Balances	\$	1,978	\$	4,110	\$	154,773	\$	12,500		

		Spe	cial	Revenue Fu	inds		Total		
				County		x DOT		Nonmajor	
	-	neland ity Grant		Office Fees		' TX Trail Grant	Governmental Funds		
ASSETS	Becur	uy Grani		1.663		Grum		<u>1º unus</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,243	\$	1,410,013	
Certificates of Deposit		-		-		-		50,000	
Receivables (net of allowances):									
Accounts		-		-		-		23,605	
Due from Other Funds		-		364,030		-		364,030	
Total Assets	\$		\$	364,030	\$	44,243	\$	1,847,648	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,699	\$	22,618	
Accrued Payroll	*	-	Ŧ	-	*	-	÷	140	
Unearned Revenue		-		-		42,544		87,701	
Total Liabilities	<u></u>	•••				44,243		110,459	
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted for:									
Records Management		-		-		-		282,437	
Courthouse Security		-		-		-		93,793	
Roads and Public Works		-		-		-		61,559	
Judicial		-		-		-		21,389	
Public Safety		-		-		-		134,052	
Health and Welfare		-		-		-		777,951	
Special Projects		-		364,030				366,008	
Total Fund Balances	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		364,030		-		1,737,189	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,		,							
and Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	364,030		44,243	\$	1,847,648	

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	Special Revenue Funds									
	Law	, Library		Drug Fund	Courthouse Security			ndigent alth Care		
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	430,974		
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		-	,	-		-		-		
Charges for Services		5,740		-		-				
Fines and Forfeitures		-		6,395		8,773		-		
Interest		-		131		133		1,168		
Miscellaneous		5		1,743		_	<u> </u>	902		
Total Revenues		5,745		8,269		8,906		433,044		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government		-		-		-		-		
Roads and Public Works				-		-		-		
Legal		-		-		-		-		
Public Safety		-		10,646		-		-		
Health and Welfare		-		-		-		286,407		
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-		-		
Total Expenditures				10,646		-	·	286,407		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures		5,745		(2,377)		8,906		146,637		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In		-		-		-		-		
Transfers Out		-		-		-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		*			······	······	•	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		
Net Change in Fund Balance		5,745		(2,377)		8,906		146,637		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		945		87,883		84,887		631,314		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	6,690	\$	85,506	\$	93,793	\$	777,951		

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Pr	Book eservation		Record nagement	1	Right of Way		uvenile obation	
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		-		-		-		-	
Charges for Services		26,587		5,122		-		-	
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-		-		-	
Interest		166		12		418		219	
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-	
Total Revenues		26,753		5,134		418		219	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government		18,652		-		-		-	
Roads and Public Works		- -		_		-		_	
Legal				-				-	
Public Safety		-		-		-		25,173	
Health and Welfare		-		_		-		-	
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures		18,652					·	25,173	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over Expenditures		8,101		5,134		418		(24,954)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		-		-		-		25,000	
Transfers Out		-		-		_		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							N	25,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance		8,101		5,134		418		46	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		8,101 108,599		5,134 5,830		418 61,141			
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	\$	116,700	\$	10,964	\$	61,559	\$	20,115	
Fund Datance, End Of Lear	ф 	110,700	ф 	10,904	_Ф	01,559		20,161	

	Special Revenue Funds							
	P	luvenile robation mm. Corr.	Dive	rsionary cement		tle VI-E		il Bond Board
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	- '	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		154,916		2,861		71,450		-
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		21
Miscellaneous		3,780		-	"		<u></u>	
Total Revenues		158,696		2,861		71,450	<u></u>	21
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		-		-		-		-
Roads and Public Works		-		-		-		-
Legal		-		-		-		-
Public Safety		145,956		1,341		71,450		-
Health and Welfare		-		-		-		-
Culture and Recreation		_`		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		145,956		1,341	<u></u>	71,450	<u></u> _	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures		12,740		1,520		-		21
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		_		_		-		-
Transfers Out		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			•		<u></u>		• <u></u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance		12,740		1,520		_		21
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		-		-		8,287		13,850
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	12,740	\$	1,520	\$	8,287	\$	13,871

	Special Revenue Funds								
	He	Hot Check Fee		County ttorney ug Forf.	We	Attny elfare 'raud	Sheriff Comm. Svc. Program		
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		-		-		-		-	
Charges for Services		416		-		-		-	
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-		-		-	
Interest		-		13		1		-	
Miscellaneous									
Total Revenues	10.000 million and and a second	416	<u> </u>	13	<u></u>	1	•		
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government		-		-		-		_	
Roads and Public Works		-		-		-		-	
Legal		1,822		-		-			
Public Safety		-		11,293					
Health and Welfare		-		_		-			
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures		1,822		11,293		-	H	-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over Expenditures		(1,406)		(11,280)		1		-	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		-				-		-	
Transfers Out		-				-		_	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			······	-				-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,406)		(11,280)		1		_	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,616		12,992		617		16	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	210	\$	1,712	\$	618	\$	16	
	Barrista, a construction						Manager and Statements		

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	Special Revenue Funds							
		onomic elopment	Vit	nty Clerk al Stats ecord		unty Clerk Archive Fees		Dept of Ag. CDBG
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		-		-		-		147,575
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-
Fines and Forfeitures		-		981		24,772		-
Interest				6		223		-
Miscellaneous			••••••••••••••			-		
Total Revenues		-	an an air gu a baile a sa	987		24,995		147,575
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		-		720		19,280		-
Roads and Public Works		-		-		-		147,575
Legal		-		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		-		-		-
Health and Welfare		-		-		-		-
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-	_	-
Total Expenditures		-		720		19,280	•	147,575
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures		- ·		267		5,715		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		-		-		-		-
Transfers Out		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Net Change in Fund Balance		_		267		5,715		-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,978		3,843		149,058		-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,978	\$	4,110	\$	154,773	\$	

		Spe	Total					
				County		Tx DOT]	Nonmajor
	Ha	omeland		Office		E TX Trail	Governmenta	
	Secu	Security Grant		Fees		Grant		Funds
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	430,974
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		38,400		-		10,789		425,991
Charges for Services		-		-		***		37,865
Fines and Forfeitures		-		22,850		-		63,771
Interest				-		-		2,511
Miscellaneous		-				= 		6,430
Total Revenues		38,400		22,850		10,789		967,542
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		-		-		-		38,652
Roads and Public Works		-		-		-		147,575
Legal		-		-		-		1,822
Public Safety		38,400		-		-		304,259
Health and Welfare		-		-		-		286,407
Culture and Recreation	-	+		-		10,789		10,789
Total Expenditures		38,400			, <u> </u>	10,789	<u> </u>	789,504
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures		-		22,850		_		178,038
				22,050				170,050
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		-		-		-		25,000
Transfers Out		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_					•	25,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		_		22,850		_		203,038
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		-		341,180		-		1,534,151
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$	364,030	\$		\$	1,737,189
runa Dalanco, Enu VI I Cal	Ψ		Ψ	504,050	Ψ		Ψ	1,107,107

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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	Enf	Law forcement	St	ate Trust	Aı	rest Fees	tice of Peace
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	14,729	\$	290,742	\$	40,040	\$ -
Certificates of Deposit		-		203,237		73,236	-
Total Assets	\$	14,729	\$	493,979	\$	113,276	\$ -
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	385	\$	-	\$ -
Due to Other Funds		-		364,030		-	-
Total Liabilities			·	364,415	<u></u>		 _
NET POSITION							
Restricted for:							
Individuals and Other Governments		14,729		129,564		113,276	-
Total Net Position	\$	14,729	\$	129,564	\$	113,276	\$

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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	 Sheriff	C	Tax ollector		County ttorney	Cou	nty Clerk
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 168,591	\$	26,255	\$	76,558	\$	5,117
Certificates of Deposit	-				-		5,953
Total Assets	\$ 168,591	\$	26,255	\$	76,558	\$	11,070
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to Other Funds	-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities	 	<u> </u>		·			-
NET POSITION							
Restricted for:							
Individuals and Other Governments	168,591		26,255		76,558		11,070
Total Net Position	\$ 168,591	\$	26,255	\$	76,558	\$	11,070

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Dis	trict Clerk	ergency ervices	Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	153,678	\$ 9,441	\$ 785,151
Certificates of Deposit		55,957	-	 338,383
Total Assets	\$	209,635	\$ 9,441	\$ 1,123,534
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 385
Due to Other Funds		-	-	364,030
Total Liabilities			 	 364,415
NET POSITION				
Restricted for:				
Individuals and Other Governments		209,635	9,441	759,119
Total Net Position	\$	209,635	\$ 9,441	\$ 759,119

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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		St	ate Trust	Ar	rest Fees		stice of e Peace
\$	2,354	\$	108,711	\$	2,790	\$	10,593
_	-		9,355		1 20		-
	2,354		118,066		2,790		10,593
	2,203		108,399		953		10,593
	2,203		108,399		953		10,593
	151		9,667		1,837		-
	14,578		119,897		111,439		-
\$	14,729	\$	129,564	\$	113,276	\$	-
	_Enfo	2,354 2,203 2,203 151 14,578	Enforcement State \$ 2,354 \$ 2,354 - - 2,354 - - 2,354 - - 2,354 - - 2,354 - - 2,203 - - 151 - - 14,578 - -	Enforcement State Trust \$ 2,354 \$ 108,711 - 9,355 - 9,355 2,354 118,066 - - 2,203 108,399 - - 2,203 108,399 - - 151 9,667 - - 14,578 119,897 - -	Enforcement State Trust Ar \$ 2,354 \$ 108,711 \$ - 9,355 - 9,355 - 2,354 118,066 - - - 2,203 108,399 - - - 151 9,667 - - - 14,578 119,897 - - -	Enforcement State Trust Arrest Fees \$ 2,354 \$ 108,711 \$ 2,790 - 9,355 - - - - - 2,354 118,066 2,790 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td>Enforcement State Trust Arrest Fees the \$ 2,354 \$ 108,711 \$ 2,790 \$ $-$ 9,355 $-$ 2,354 118,066 2,790 $-$ 2,354 118,066 2,790 $-$ 2,203 108,399 953 $-$ 2,203 108,399 953 $-$ 151 9,667 1,837 14,578 119,897 111,439</td>	Enforcement State Trust Arrest Fees the \$ 2,354 \$ 108,711 \$ 2,790 \$ $-$ 9,355 $ -$ 2,354 118,066 2,790 $-$ 2,354 118,066 2,790 $-$ 2,203 108,399 953 $-$ 2,203 108,399 953 $-$ 151 9,667 1,837 14,578 119,897 111,439

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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	Sheriff	Tax Collector	County ttorney	Cou	nty Clerk
ADDITIONS	 <u></u>	 	 		
Amounts collected for individuals					
and other governments	\$ 190,922	\$ 1,755,348	\$ 14,929	\$	5,953
Interest	 29	 505	 -		-
Total Additions	 190,951	 1,755,853	 14,929		5,953
DEDUCTIONS	•				
Amounts distributed to individuals					
and other governments	218,119	1,748,371	5,269		-
Total Deducations	 218,119	 1,748,371	 5,269		
Net increase (decrease)					
in fiduciary net position	(27,168)	7,482	9,660		5,953
Net Position, Beginning of Year,					
as restated, Note 16	195,759	18,773	66,898		5,117
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 168,591	\$ 26,255	\$ 76,558	\$	11,070

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Dis	trict Clerk		ergency ervices	(Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS						1 unus
Amounts collected for individuals						
and other governments	\$	116,045	\$	9,441	\$	2,217,086
Interest	-	686	Ŧ	-	•	10,575
Total Additions		116,731		9,441		2,227,661
DEDUCTIONS						
Amounts distributed to individuals						
and other governments		29,389		-		2,123,296
Total Deducations		29,389				2,123,296
Net increase (decrease)						
in fiduciary net position		87,342		9,441		104,365
Net Position, Beginning of Year,						
as restated, Note 16		122,293		-		654,754
Net Position, End of Year	\$	209,635	\$	9,441	\$	759,119

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RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROLS



Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Member of Private Company Practice Section Member of AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

WILF & HENDERSON, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Judge Robert Bridges and The Commissioners Court of Red River County Red River County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Red River County, Texas (County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 21, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Red River County, Texas's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Red River County, Texas's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wife & Hendeson, P.C.

Wilf & Henderson, P.C. Certified Public Accountants Texarkana, Texas June 21, 2024



Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Member of Private Company Practice Section Member of AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

WILF & HENDERSON, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Judge Robert Bridges and The Commissioners' Court of Red River County Red River County, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Red River County, Texas's (County's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2023. Red River County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Red River County, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Red River County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Red River County's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly no such opinion is expressed.

This purpose of this report in internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Will Flenderown, P.C.

Wilf & Henderson, P.C. Certified Public Accountants Texarkana, Texas June 21, 2024

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

I. Summary of the Auditor's Results:

- a. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of Red River County, Texas were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- b. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses related to the audit of the financial statements are reported on the internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters required by the GAO's *Government Auditing Standards*.
- c. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Red River County, Texas were disclosed during the audit.
- d. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses relating to the audit of the major federal award program were reported in the report on internal control over compliance required by Uniform Guidance.
- e. The type of report the auditor issued on compliance for major programs was an unmodified opinion.
- f. No audit findings relative to the major federal award programs were disclosed by the audit that were required to be reported under 2 CFR 200.516(a).
- g. The program tested as major program was:

ALN 14.239 HOME Investment Partnerships Program

- h. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- i. Red River County, Texas was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.

II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are Required to Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

No findings required to be reported.

III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards Including Audit Findings as Described in I.f Above.

No findings required to be reported.

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

There were no prior year audit findings.

RED RIVER COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing No.	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
<u>U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development</u> Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture: Community Development Block Grant Program Passed through the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs:	14.228	17560011243	\$ 147,575	\$-
HOME Investment Partnerships Program Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.239	079358719	<u>953,363</u> 1,100,938	
<u>U.S. Department of Justice</u> Passed through the Texas Office of the Governor: Violence Against Women Act Formula Grants Total U.S. Department of Justice	16.588	3953203	<u> </u>	
U.S. Department of the Treasury COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Total U.S. Department of the Treasury	21.027		562,735 562,735	<u> </u>
<u>U.S. Department of Homeland Security</u> Passed through the Texas Office of the Governor: Homeland Security Grant Program Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	97.067	4404401	<u>38,400</u> 38,400	<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,710,382	<u> </u>

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE 1 - GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is a summary of the activity of all federal award programs of Red River County, Texas for the year ended September 30, 2023. The grant programs are administered by the various departments of the County. The activities of these departments are monitored by County staff to ensure compliance with requirements of the underlying grants.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting and Significant Accounting Policies - The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting and other sifnificant accounting policies are described in Note 1 of the financial statements.

NOTE 3 - USE OF 10% DE MINIMIS COST RATE

Red River County, Texas has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4 - RELATIONSHIP TO GRANT FINANCIAL REPORTS

The amounts reported in the accompanying schedule may not agree with the amounts reported in the related grant financial reports filed with the grantor agencies due to the fact that the accompanying schedule represents activity for the twelve months ended September 30, 2023, while some grant reports are prepared monthly, quarterly, or annually on a grant fiscal year end that is different.

NOTE 5 - RECONCILIATION TO TOTAL INTERGOVERNEMENTAL REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

A reconciliation of federal program revenues and expenditures is as follows:

Federal Revenues and Expenses:	
General Fund	\$ 8,309
Home Grant Fund	953,363
State and Local Fiscal Recovery Grant Fund	562,735
Other Governmental Funds	 185,975
Total Federal Revenues per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	1,710,382
Intergovernmental Revenues from State and Local Sources:	
General Fund	64,323
Road and Bridge Fund	24,985
Other Governmental Funds	 240,016
Total State and Local Revenues	 329,324
Total Intergovernmental Revenues per Schedule C-3	\$ 2,039,706